

$$\frac{\mathbf{x}}{\theta}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= (\cos\theta, \operatorname{sen}\theta) \\ z &= e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\operatorname{sen}\theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}x_1,\ldots,x_n\\ \theta_i\\ i=\\ 1,\ldots,n\\ \theta\\ \theta_1,\ldots,\theta_n\\ x_1+\\ \vdots+\\ \dot{x}_n\\ \tilde{x}_1,\ldots,x_n\\ x_j\\ (\cos\theta_j,\operatorname{sen}\theta_j)\\ (\bar{C},\bar{S})\end{array}$$

$$\bar{C}=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{j=1}^n\cos(\theta_j)$$

$$\bar{S}=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{j=1}^n\sin(\theta_j)$$

$$\begin{array}{l}\bar{\theta} \\ \text{????} \\ \dot{x}_1+\\ \dot{x}_n\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}\bar{C}=\bar{R}\cos(\bar{\theta})\\ \bar{S}=\bar{R}\sin(\bar{\theta})\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}\bar{R}>0\\ \bar{R}=\sqrt{\bar{C}^2+\bar{S}^2}\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}(5) \quad \bar{\theta} \\ \bar{R}=0 \\ \bar{R}>0 \\ \bar{\theta} \\ \bar{\theta}=\begin{cases} \tan^{-1}(\bar{S}/\bar{C}) & \bar{C}\geq 0 \\ \tan^{-1}(\bar{S}/\bar{C})+\pi & \bar{C}< 0 \end{cases}\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}\bar{\theta} \\ (\theta_1+\\ \vdots+\\ \theta_n)/n\\ \theta\\ (\theta_1,\ldots,\theta_n)\\ \phi\\ [\phi,\phi+\\ \pi)\\ \phi\\ \phi+\\ \frac{\pi}{n}\\ \bar{R}\\ \text{??}\\ \dot{x}\\ \bar{R}=\sqrt{\bar{C}^2+\bar{S}^2}\\ x_1,\ldots,x_n\\ 0\leq\\ \bar{R}\leq 1\\ \theta_1,\ldots,\theta_n\\ \bar{R}=1\\ \theta_1,\ldots,\theta_n\\ \bar{R}\\ \bar{R}\\ \bar{R}\\ x_1+\\ \vdots+\\ \dot{x}_n\\ \bar{R}=n\bar{R}\\ \bar{R}\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}v=\sqrt{-2\log\bar{R}}\\ (6) \quad \theta\end{array}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} < \frac{\alpha}{\beta} < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$(8) \qquad Pr(\alpha < \theta \leq \beta) = F(\beta)-F(\alpha) = \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} dF(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\rightarrow\infty}F(x)=\infty\lim_{x\rightarrow-\infty}F(x)=-\infty$$

$$F(0)=0F(2\pi)=1$$

$$\frac{F(\beta)-F(\alpha)}{\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(x)dx} = \frac{F(\beta)-F(\alpha)}{f(\theta)}, -\infty < \alpha < \beta < \infty, f(\theta) \geq 0, (-\infty, \infty) \int_0^{2\pi} f(\theta)d\theta = 1, f(\theta) = f(\theta+2\pi), (-\infty, \infty) \frac{2\pi r}{m} = \frac{2\pi}{m}$$

$$Pr(\theta = v + \frac{2\pi r}{m}) = p_r, r = 0, 1, \cdots, m-1$$

$$p_r \geq 0, \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} p_r = 1$$

$$\theta) = \frac{1}{2\pi} < \frac{\alpha}{\beta} < \frac{\pi}{2} < \frac{\alpha}{\theta} < \frac{\pi}{2} < \frac{\beta}{\theta} = \frac{\beta-\alpha}{2\pi} < \frac{2\pi}{\mu} = \frac{\theta}{\mu} = \frac{\theta}{\mu} = \frac{\theta}{\mu} + \frac{\pi}{2\kappa}$$

$$g(\theta;\mu,\kappa)=\frac{1}{2\pi I_0(\kappa)}e^{\kappa\cos(\theta)}$$

$$F(\theta;0,\kappa)=\frac{1}{I_0(\kappa)}\int_0^\theta e^{\kappa\cos u}du$$

$$I_0$$

$$I_0(\kappa)=\frac{1}{2\pi}\int_0^{2\pi}e^{\kappa\cos\theta}d\theta, I_0(\kappa)=\sum_{r=0}^{\infty}\frac{1}{(r!)^2}(\frac{\kappa}{2})^{2r}$$

$$\mu_{\kappa}^{\mu} \kappa a a p p a \mu_{\kappa}^{\mu} i s e s . e p s R e p r e s e n t a c i n d e l a f u n c i n d e d e n s i d a d d e D i s t r i b u c i n v o n M i s e s M (0 , \kappa$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \bar{R}S_n^2\\ \kappa\\ \gamma\\ \gamma\\ \gamma\\ \kappa\\ M(\pi,\kappa)\\ \kappa\\ \gamma\\ \gamma\\ \gamma\end{array}$$

$$S_n^2(\theta)=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^nd^2(\theta,\mathbf{1}_{\mathcal{B}})$$

$$\theta = min_y S_n^2(y)$$

$$d^2(\theta_i,\theta_j)=2(1-(\cos(\theta_i-\theta_j)))$$

$$d^2(\theta_i,\theta_j)=\pi-|\pi-|\theta_i-\theta_j||$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \bar{R}=\frac{\sqrt{C^2+S^2}}{\sqrt{-2log(R)}}\\ \kappa\\ S_n^2\\ \bar{R}\\ \bar{R}S_n^2\\ \kappa\end{array}$$